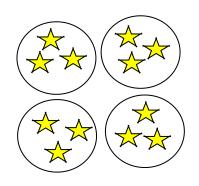
Parent strategies to support multiplication Year 2

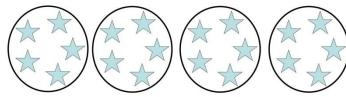
We count in 2s 5s 10s (3s) and talk about the patterns. The multiples of 2 are all even, multiples of 5 have a 5 or 0 as their ones digit, multiples of 10 have a 0 as their ones digit. 20 is a multiple of 2, 5 and 10.

We begin by talking about equal groups and how many in each group.



Here we see 4 equal groups with 3 in each group and the total is 12.

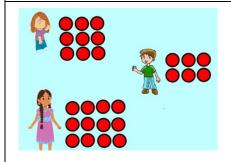
4 equal groups of 3 = 12



Then we relate equal groups to repeated addition. 4 equal groups of 5 is the same as 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 = 20

Then we relate the term "equal groups of" to the sign x 5 equal groups of 2 = 10 2+ 2+2+2=10 $5 \times 2 = 10$





We represent multiplication using arrays. Can you see $3 \times 3/2 \times 3/4 + 4 + 4 + 4$? Arrays can help us to see that 3×4 has the same total as 4×3 .

We draw out our thinking and use practical resources to solve word problems.
Tim had 6 rabbits and he gave them 2 carrots each. How many carrots altogether?
It costs 3p for a sweet. Tim buys 6 sweets. How much does he spend?
We can also use bar models to help us to solve word problems.
There were 5 dogs in the park. They had 2 bones each. How many bones altgoether?
2 2 2 2 2
Try to learn the facts for the 2 5 10X table